

<p>Use a capital letter when you...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Start a new sentence. 2. Use a proper noun (an individual or unique thing) 3. The word 'I' 	<p>Name three different types of sentences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Declaration (a statement) ➤ Exclamation (a sudden cry or remark) ➤ Interrogative (a question) 	<p>What is the difference between quote marks and speech marks?</p> <p>'Quote marks are singles'</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Use them to show where you have pulled words out of a text. ➤ The writer uses the adjective 'big' to show how impressive the circus is. <p>"Speech marks are doubles"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Use them around words that are spoken by a character. ➤ "I have never been to Spain!" shouted Jane.
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Punctuation that can end a sentence.	When to use it...	An example of this...
Full stop (.)	When an action or specific idea ends.	I need a doughnut.
Exclamation mark (!)	To create a sense of drama, shock or loud volume.	I need a doughnut!
Question mark (?)	To show that a question is being asked.	Do I need a doughnut?
Ellipsis (...)	To create tension or suspense	I need a doughnut...
Semicolon (;)	To link two related sentences together.	I need a doughnut; I need one right now.

What are the rules for speech punctuation?

- Speech marks go around all the words that have been spoken.
- Start all pieces of speech with a capital letter.
- End each piece of speech with a form of punctuation.
- New speaker, new line!

What is a simple sentence?
One verb + one subject (the noun doing the verb)
 The cat is fat. He cannot get through the cat-flap.

What is a compound sentence?
Two simple sentences linked with a conjunction.
 The cat is fat so he cannot get through the cat-flap.

What is a complex sentence?
A simple or compound sentence with a dependent clause (drop in) included somewhere within it.
 The cat, who is fat, cannot fit through the cat-flap.