# YEAR 8 - DEVELOPING NUMBER

@whisto maths

# Standard Form

# What do I need to be able to do?

By the end of this unit you should be able to:

- Write numbers in standard form and as ordinaru numbers
- Order numbers in standard form
- Odd/ Subtract with standard from
- Multiply/ Divide with standard form
- Use a calculator with standard form

# Keywords

Standard (index) Form: O sustem of writing very big or very small numbers

Commutative: an operation is commutative if changing the order does not change the result

Base: The number that gets multiplied by a power

**Power:** The exponent — or the number that tells you how many times to use the number in multiplication.

**Exponent**: The power — or the number that tells you how many times to use the number in multiplication **Indices**: The power or the exponent.

Negative: a value below zero.

# Positive powers of 10

l billion - 1 000 000 000

Oddition rule for indices  $10^a \times 10^b = 10^{a+b}$ 

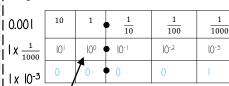
Subtraction rule for indices  $10^a \div 10^b = 10^{a-b}$ 

# Standard form with numbers > 1

Onu number between I and less than 10 -

A x 10 n 4

Negative powers of 10



Example

3.2 x 10 4

ll = 32000

= 3.2 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10

0.8 × 10 4

Non-example

53x 10(07)

Ony value to the power O always = 1

Negative powers do not indicate negative solutions

### Numbers between 0 and 1

0.054  $= 5.4 \times 10^{-2}$ 

1	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{1000}$
100	10-1	10-2	10-3
0	0	5	4

O negative power does not mean a negative answer — it means a number closer to 0

# Order numbers in standard form

 $6.4 \times 10^{-2}$  $2.4 \times 10^{2}$ 

 $1.3 \times 10^{-1}$ 3.3 x 100

I ook at the power first will the number be = > or < than I

Tip: Convert into ordinary numbers first and back to

0.064

240

0.13

Use a place value arid to compare the numbers for orderina

# Mental calculations

 $6.4 \times 10^{2} \times 10^{3}$ 

= 6.4 x 10<sup>5</sup>

 $(2 \times 10^3) \div 4$ 

 $= (2 \div 4) \times 10^3$ 

 $= 0.5 \times 10^3$ 

6.4 x 10<sup>2</sup> x 1000 Not in Standard Form

Use addition for indices rule

Ony number

less than 10

between I and

=  $24 \times 10^5$  Not in Standard Form 1

 $8x 10^5 x3$ 

 $= 2.4 \times 10^{1} \times 10^{5}$  Use addition for

indices rule.

 $= 2.4 \times 10^{6}$ 

Method I = 600000 + 800000

= 1400000

6 x 105 + 8 x 105

standard from at the end

Method 2  $= (6 + 8) \times 10^{5}$ 

= 1.4 x 10<sup>5</sup>

**Addition and Subtraction** 

This is not the final answer

= 14 x 10<sup>5</sup> 1.4 x 101 x 105 = 1.4 x 10<sup>5</sup>

Remember the layout for standard form . Ony integer

More robust method Less room for misconceptions Easier to do calculations with negative indices Can use for different powers

Only works if the powers are the same

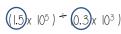
# Multiplication and division

Division auestions can look like this

Divide the values

For multiplication and division you can look at the values for A and the powers of 10 as two separate calculations

A x 10 n 4



 $1.5 \div 0.3$  x  $10^5 \div 10^3$ 

Revisit addition and subtraction laws for indices they are needed for the calculations

 $=5 \times 10^{2}$ 

**Oddition** law for indices a m x a n = a m + n

Subtraction law for indices  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ 

#### Using a calculator

 $14 \times 10^5 \times 39 \times 10^3$ 

Use a calculator to work out this question to a suitable degree of accuracy

hput 14 and press (x10x) Then press 5 (for the power)

Input 3.9 and press **x10**x Then press 3 (for the power) Press 🔳

This gives you the solution

Click calculator for video tutorial

#### To put into standard form and a suitable degree of accuracy

Press SHIFT (SETUP) and then press 7 for sci mode. Choose a degree of accuracy so in most cases press 2

Onswer: 5.5 x 108